

7-24-1996

## Arbiter, July 24

Students of Boise State University

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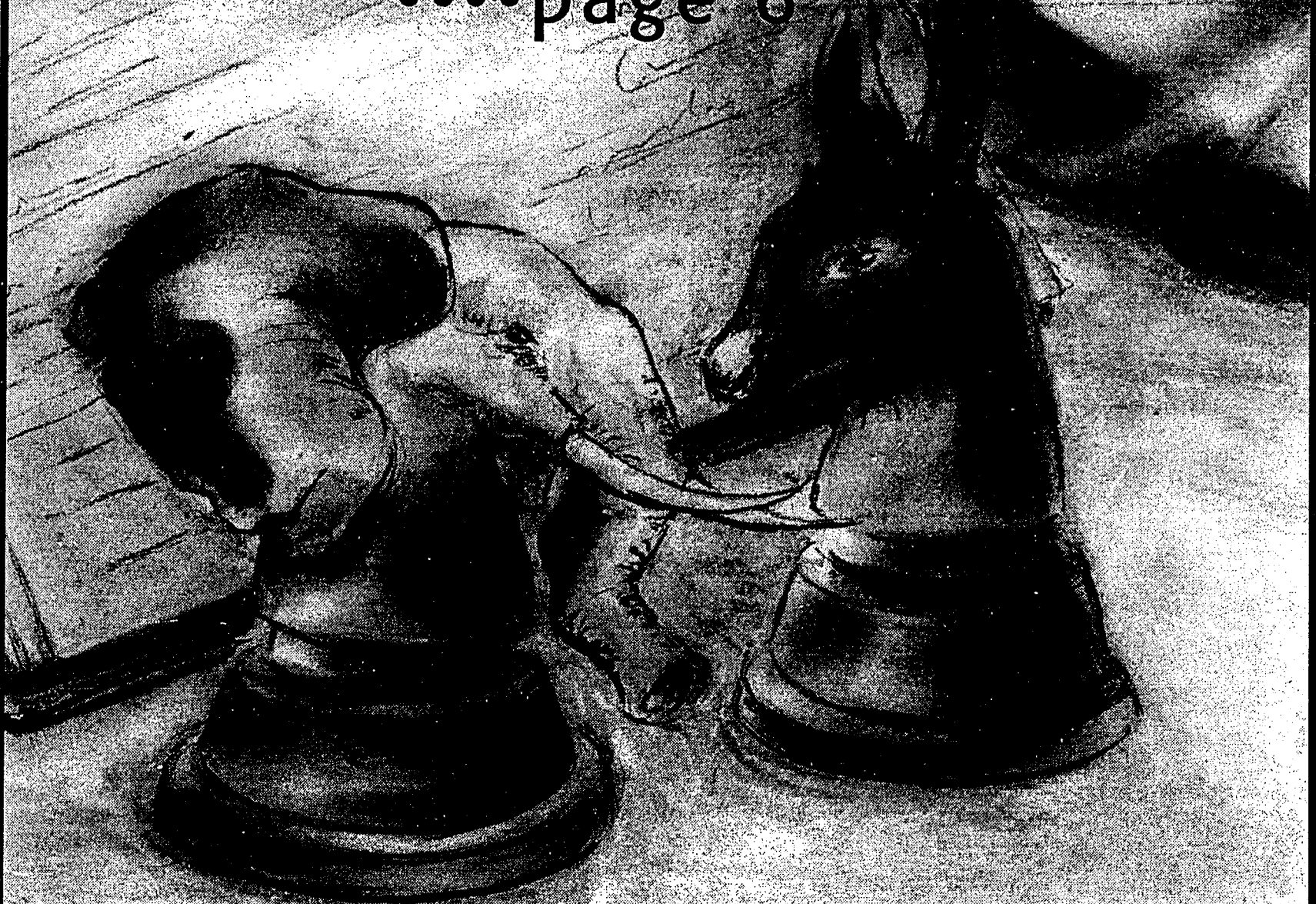
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# THE ARBITER

VOLUME 7, ISSUE 1 JULY 24, 1996 FIRST ONE FREE

## Idaho gets political

.....page 6



cover illustration by: Farah Hasan / THE ARBITER

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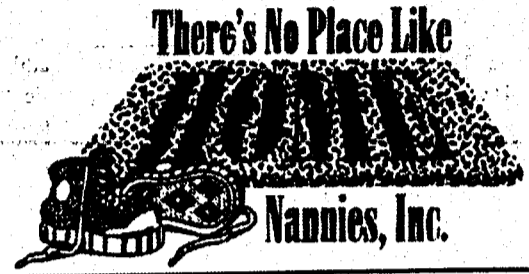
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# THE ARBITER

The Arbiter is the official student newspaper of Boise State University. Its mission is to provide a forum for the discussion of issues affecting the campus and the community. The Arbiter's budget consists of fees paid by students of BSU and advertising sales. The paper is distributed to the campus and community on Wednesdays during the school year. The first copy is free. Additional copies cost \$1 each, payable at The Arbiter offices.

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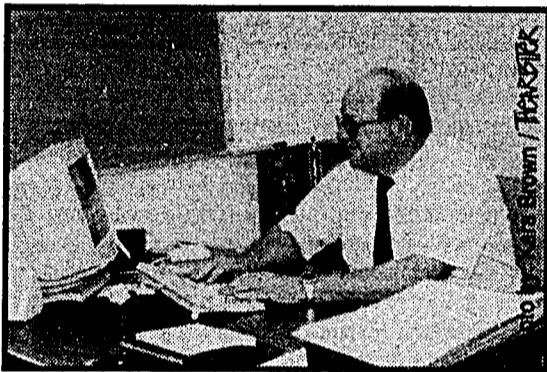
# NEWS BUCKET

## BSU welcomes new Physical Plant director

John Holman has been selected as Boise State's new Physical Plant director, according to a memo to faculty and staff from Vice President for Finance and Administration Harry E. Neel Jr.

Holman's selection comes after a national search to replace the late Gene McGinnis. The new director comes to BSU with nearly 30 years experience in the areas of facilities maintenance, engineering, construction and public administration. Most recently, he served for eight years as the director of facilities management at Central Washington University in Ellensburg.

Holman is a Registered Professional Engineer in the states of Washington and Oregon. He has a bachelor's of science degree in civil engineering and an MPA from California Coast Institute. He is a member of numerous professional organizations, including the Association of Physical Plant Administrators.



John Holman takes seat as new director.

## Admission deadline for fall is July 31

People who plan to attend Boise State University this fall as degree-seeking students should make sure their admissions files are complete by July 31.

The admissions process, which can take up to three weeks to complete, includes completing the application for admission, providing high school or college transcripts and, for some, taking the ACT or SAT entrance exams.

"Students who are planning to take more than seven credits per semester or apply for federal financial aid must be degree-seeking and must meet this deadline," said Mark Wheeler, assistant dean of Admissions.

Those who complete their admission files after July 31 will be given the option of attending the university as non-degree-seeking students or waiting until the following semester. Non-degree-seeking students are limited to taking seven or fewer credits per semester and are not eligible for financial aid. The deadline for the spring 1997 semester is Nov. 27.

To receive a free BSU application packet, call the BSU New Student Information Center at 385-1820, toll-free in Idaho at 1-800-632-6586.

## Women's tennis coach turns down 2 offers, stays at BSU

Jim Moortgat, who recently completed his first year as head women's tennis coach at Boise State University, has decided not to accept the head coaching position at either the University of Kentucky or Mississippi State University. Both schools were pursuing Moortgat and had offered him salaries exceeding his current level at BSU.

Moortgat interviewed for the Kentucky job in Lexington in late June and was in contact with MSU

before making his decision. Moortgat said his decision to remain at BSU was based on several factors, including the quality of life in Boise, his loyalty to his players and his objective to build a national contender in women's tennis at BSU.

"The bottom line was that I wanted to stay in Boise," he said. "I've received great support from our athletic department and I would have found it very difficult to bail out on my players just one year after telling them about dedication and reaching goals."

Moortgat guided the BSU women's team to its second straight Big Sky championship this year.

Before coming to Boise State he served as head men's and women's tennis coach at the University of Mobile (Ala.) from 1991 to 1995. His men's team won the NAIA national championship in 1993 and his women's team won the NAIA national title in 1994. He was named NAIA tennis Coach of the Year in both 1993 and 1994. He has earned 13 coach of the year awards.

## Federal cuts result in loss of funding for American Indian graduate students

The American Indian Graduate Center regrettably announces that it will not be accepting applications for the 1996-97 academic year. AIGC is the only national non-profit Indian organization dedicated to helping Native American and Alaska Native students pursuing graduate degrees. AIGC has contracted with the Bureau of Indian Affairs for the past 26 years to provide financial support to Indian graduate students nationwide.

Due to reductions in federal programs, AIGC will be able to assist only continuing students for the 1996-97 academic year. These are students who have received AIGC assistance to attend at least one term of graduate school. The funding cut will affect at least 300 students who may not find other funds and will not be able to attend graduate school.

Interested parties may contact AIGC in December 1996 for information regarding funding for the 1997-98 academic year.

## Minimum wage boost hits retail, restaurant and service jobs

According to a recent study by the Idaho Department of Employment, 10 to 13 percent of Idaho's workers are likely to be affected by the proposed increase in the federal minimum wage to \$5.15 per hour.

"Sixty percent of these workers are employed in retail sales, food and beverage preparation and service occupations," said Jim Super, principal research analyst for the department's Research and Analysis

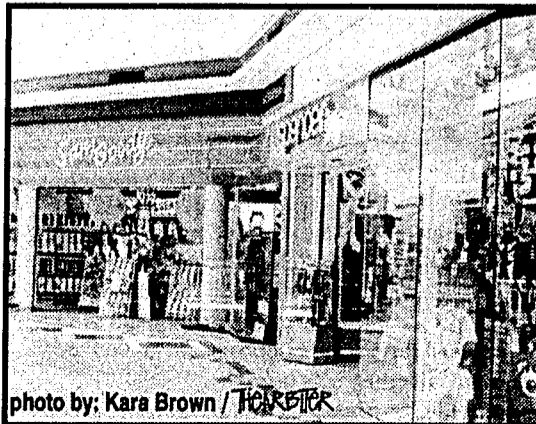


photo by: Kara Brown / TRIBUNE

Mall workers may see a boost in their wages.

Bureau. "Two-thirds of the workers currently being paid less than the proposed minimum wage are working in the seven most populous Idaho counties."

## Human resources student organization wins award

The Boise State University chapter of the Society for Human Resource Management has earned a Merit Award for the 1995-96 school year.

The award is presented by SHRM to the top 15 percent of the nation's student chapters. SHRM is a 50,000-member professional organization.

The 30-member BSU Human Resource Association is affiliated with the Human Resource Association of the Treasure Valley. The objectives of the Human Resource Association are to encourage and give recognition to scholastic and professional excellence in the field of human resources. The group participates in organization fairs, hosts seminars on job hunting and sponsors other programs and activities.

## Students win writing awards

Three Boise State students have won awards in a fiction writing contest sponsored by Boise author William Anderson and the BSU English Department.

Patrick Schmaljohn's essay on "The Oscillating Steam Kicker" won the \$300 prize for first place. Second place was awarded to Ann Marie McNary and third went to Jenna Briggs. All three students are English majors from Boise.

Anderson has written 20 books, including *BAT-21*, which was made into a film starring Gene Hackman. He is currently adapting another book, *Lady Bluebeard*, for film.

Anderson, who attended Boise Junior College prior to a career in the Air Force, began the awards four years ago to encourage young fiction writers at BSU.

## Student wins executive board member award

Brian Chess recently won the Boise State University Student Programs Board's Executive Board Member of the Year Award. As the SPB's films coordinator, he programmed a weekly film series for BSU students.

Chess also completed a spring internship with BSU's College of Arts and Sciences. He is a 1996 graduate of BSU with a degree in English. Currently he has a summer internship with BSU News Services.

## Winners announced for President's Writing Awards

Winners of the 1996 BSU President's Writing Awards were recently selected by the English Department. First and second-place prizes of \$150 and \$75 respectively were awarded in each of six categories.

Competing against 77 students, awards were given to:

Critical category — Thomas Hillard, first; Andrea Pack, second.

Expository category — Laura Ann White, first; Ancel Scholberg, second.

Personal category — Tamara Shores, first; Greg Knight, second.

Gender issues category — Kaitlyn Dohrmann, first; Meg Lojek, second.

Spanish category — Patricia E. Gregor, first; Nelda Nunes, second.

Technical category — Susan Berrey, first; Sheila Newman, second.

**NEWS** continued

**Alpha Kappa Psi names scholarship winners**

BSU's business student organization Alpha Kappa Psi has presented scholarships for 1996-97 to:  
Robertson Dwight Jacobson Memorial — Nikki Felgenhauer and Rachelle Mathie.  
Alpha Kappa Psi Key Scholarship Award — Ginger Lehmann.  
Marsha Beck Award — Kent Briggs.  
Mittshorts Award — John LeVering.

**Professor seeks information for public health study**

Boise State University professor Nick Casner is seeking documents, anecdotes, artifacts, diaries and other information from throughout the state for a project on the history of public health in Idaho.  
Casner is interested in how ailments relate to the state's geographical boundaries. For example, the health problems in the northern mining and timber regions differ significantly from those in the agricultural areas of southern Idaho.  
He'd also welcome information about WPA projects and public works projects as well as the development of water and sewer systems in Idaho communities.

Casner's research is funded by a grant from the State Board of Education. He ultimately hopes to write a book about Idaho's public health.  
To speak with Casner, call 385-4309 (24-hour voice mail) or toll-free at 1-800-632-6586, ext. 4309 from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. weekdays. Or send him e-mail at [ncasner@sspafac.idbsu.edu](mailto:ncasner@sspafac.idbsu.edu).

**3-on-3 Triathlon slated for Aug. 10**

by Darren Elledge  
Sports Writer

SPB and McU Sports are sponsoring a 3-on-3 Triathlon at Boise State University on Aug. 10. The triathlon will feature three events: basketball, volleyball and an obstacle course (tricycle race, tire run, and the baseball bat spin run).  
The teams will be co-ed with a maximum of four players on each team. Team fees will be \$25 for BSU students and \$30 for non-students. The triathlon will be limited to the first 20 teams. The deadline for sign-ups is 5 p.m. Aug. 2.  
For information call SPB at 385-3655 or McU Sports at 342-7734.

**EDITORIAL**

**Get involved or get dictators**

A recent respondent to one of those "man on the street" television interviews was asked to give her opinion of the state of the River Fest. An important and compelling question if there ever there was one.  
"It's great," she said, "except for all those people trying to get signatures. I wish they would just go away." Not an altogether rare reaction to initiative backers.  
Yes, those self-proclaimed warriors of democracy do get annoying, standing guard at the malls, theaters, the university. And it is also true that many of them don't have the best interest of the good ol' US of A in mind, but are rather paid hacks who get a buck a signature from some special interest.  
But it is also true that what they offer in return for a moment of your time is of substantial value, the opportunity to engage directly in government. Though we profess to be a democratic country, we are, in fact, a republic. Chances for the average citizen to participate directly on a policy decision is a rare privilege.  
We should think about that before we whine about signature gatherers for ballot initiatives. Treating our responsibilities for self-governance as annoyances to be avoided and ridiculed leads to the erosion of our "democracy."

Perhaps in the future we won't have to worry about those annoying red, white, and blue polyester clad, clip board fumbling, initiative backers blocking us from our malls and River Festivals. Because if our apathy does catch up to us that woman on the street's opinion will become prophecy and they will "just go away."  
If democracy does die in this country the tombstone will read: "Died of neglect, RIP."  
Whatever your stand on the initiatives you have a duty to be involved, not annoyed. Unless, of course, you belong to the Totalitarian Party.

**OPINION**

**RANDOM THOUGHTS**

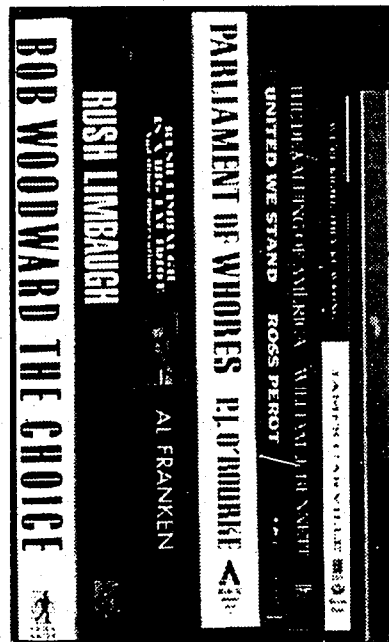
by Joe Relk  
Opinion Editor

**INDEPENDENCE DAY: the holiday, the movie, the mall**

I wanted to go to Seattle for the 4th of July, but unfortunately I couldn't talk a professor into moving a test date from the 5th to the 3rd. Apparently some students would rather celebrate the freedom of our country while shackled to the chains of last minute cramming, or at least watching fireworks with their books open.  
My wife decided that the best alternative to Seattle would be Boise Town Square Mall, where she could shop for a required suit for work, while I read magazines in the food court. It was there that I began to suspect that Independence Day has about as much to do with celebrating independence as Christ has with Christmas. He's currently being phased out in favor of the funner, hipper, more PC Santa Claus, in case you didn't notice.  
I slowly realized that I was terribly out of sync with the rest of the mall patriots: I didn't wear a cheesy flag T-shirt with matching star-spangled shorts, nor did I intend to buy any; I didn't have tickets to the mega-hit movie "Independence Day" (with Will Smith playing Washington and space aliens as the Redcoats—no stretch there); and I still hadn't bought any illegal fireworks to celebrate the birth of our government. Not even Abe Lincoln "I can not tell a lie" half-off Levis specials or George Washington garden hose sales interested me. What kind of poor excuse for a red-blooded American was I?  
My trip to the bookstore reinvigorated some of my lost enthusiasm for Independence Day. In the best-seller rack, nestled in among the usual assortment of romance novels and diet books, were volumes about politics, three in the top 10!  
Waldenbooks employee Dennis McCormick, who worked in bookstores during the '90, '92, and '94 election years, says he's never seen anything like the current demand for books about politics.

"Even the Hillary Clinton book sold really well, which is surprising considering how conservative Idaho is," says McCormick.  
Look out Rush Limbaugh, bookstore democracy is on the loose. McCormick shows me an entire aisle of authors battling for the attention of burgeoning political interest readers that was once confined to only a handful of books.  
The only casualty appears to be Ross Perot. "We can only sell the books that make fun of him," says McCormick. "Most people think he's a joke." The success of political interest books is limited to popularity of the message—today's best-seller can be tomorrow's joke, but might be next week's best-seller again as the political pendulum swings back).  
Hopefully this means more of us are becoming the informed voters we ought, but it might also mean people are only buying books that happen to agree with their pre-decided point-of-view. "Informed" does not mean you are informed only about your side of an issue, and have religiously highlighted and tabbed the appropriate books for quick reference if you encounter someone of the opposite political persuasion.  
Both liberals and conservatives and everyone in between stock the book shelves. If you really want to know what's going on try to buy books that offer different opinions, instead of reading the same regurgitated party mantras. You might find some strange things if you expand your political reading diet, such as intelligent people can disagree, problems aren't black and white, and there is room for common ground and cooperation in dealing with them.  
Who buys these books? Unfortunately I suspect it is the people who are already the most educated, richest and most empowered, and have the most interest in

defending the status quo—yuppies and boomers. McCormick confirms that most of these books are purchased by 30-something suit-wearing males.  
The people who have the most to gain from meaningful political change are often too apathetic, distracted, or disgusted by politics to take the first step toward empowerment: education. Or maybe they're just too busy working on holidays like the 4th of July, trying to make ends meet, to have time to read books, let alone be politically active.  
McCormick says in the end the '96 election will be about choosing the better of two evils. That kind of silent complacency won't change our leadership, our policies, or our problems.  
If you don't like the books on the best-seller rack you wouldn't buy them. You'd move to other aisles in the back of the store and continue your search. Likewise, Americans ought to be as demanding about their political choices as they are about the products they purchase. If you don't like the current choice of presidential candidates vote for someone else.  
You would expect that a people who become outraged when the pizza delivery is cold would be pickier about the candidates they vote to national office. This is the birthplace of modern democracy, right?  
Try a political interest book, just something to think about before you reach for the latest Harlequin romance or princess Di tell-all-book. You might find your next trip to the mall will be getting people to sign petitions outside, instead of the mindless consumption that goes on inside.



# Minor parties challenge Clinton, Dole: 2-way race could be 4-way by November

Joe Relk  
Staff Writer

Political pluralism got a major boost in July when three would-be candidates threw their hats into the 1996 presidential race.

Dick Lamm, former Democratic Governor of Colorado, and Ross Perot, who garnered 19 percent of the popular vote in his '92 presidential bid, both announced their intentions to run for the Reform Party nomination.

In the same week, Libertarian candidate Harry Browne, a investment adviser and author from Tennessee, wrapped up his nomination as the Libertarian party's candidate.

In a race between two centrists many disgruntled voters see the newcomers as welcome relief in contest between New Democrat Bill Clinton and Republican moderate Bob Dole.

"Choosing between Clinton and Dole is like choosing between Coke and Pepsi," says Platt Thompson, State Coordinator for the Reform Party. Thompson says he's disappointed with the presidential debate to date, which he contends has been limited to "six cents gas tax and same-sex marriage."

"Where's the balanced budget? Entitlements have to be dealt with," says Thompson, who views the Democrats as the party of government employees, and the Republicans as controlled by special interests pandering for tax breaks.

"There's a giant For-Sale sign over the Congress," says Thompson.

Chris Struble, of the Libertarian Party of Idaho, shares Thompson's dim view of Democrats and Republicans, and their nomination process.

"Our delegates are not committed ahead of time; the Democrat and Republican conventions are just a show," says Struble.

Struble says though Browne is the first Libertarian to qualify for federal matching funds he declined to take them since he "doesn't believe in welfare, especially for politicians."

In a nominating process which the Reform Party is heralding as "the politics of the 21st century," party members received a mailing with a blank line asking for their choice for the nominee. The second stage of mail order democracy begins when the mailings are returned, and anyone with over 10 percent of the vote then becomes an eligible candidate for the Reform Party.

Thompson says leaving a blank gives party members more freedom to choose prospective candidates.

"I wouldn't be surprised if Jesse Jackson or Colin Powell made over 10 percent," says Thompson.

Candidates would then have to take a pledge not to take PAC or special interest money and support the principles of reform, or decline the nomination.

The remaining candidates will then be invited to participate in a national convention on Aug. 11 at Long Beach, Calif. In the spirit of electronic democracy, party members will be able to watch the convention live on C-Span. Afterwards they'll vote by telephone, e-mail, or regular mail to cast their final vote not by pulling a lever, but by using a voter PIN number.

"All Reform Party members are delegates. They each have an equal vote in the nomination process," says Idaho Reform Party leader Gary Allen.

Thompson says advances in technology demand that nomination processes where party bosses and an elite group of delegates make decisions at far away conventions be replaced with "living room democracy," where "every member can stay at home, watch the convention on TV, and pick up the phone to vote."

Voting will remain open through Aug. 17, and on Aug. 18 the winner will make his acceptance speech.

Though that sounds like a simple and cerebral process, Struble says the Reform Party nomination process is a shame and the winner a fore-drawn conclusion.

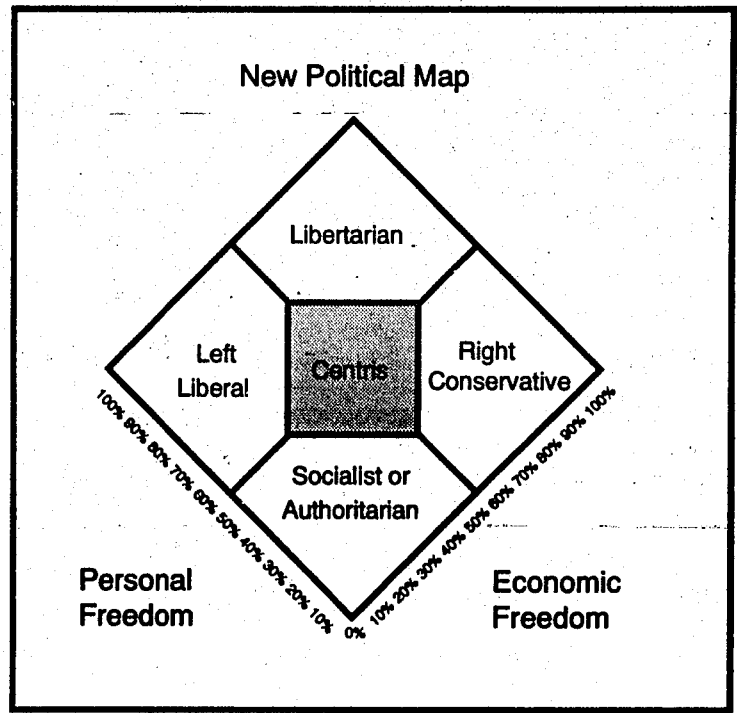
"Anyone who believes Lamm will be the nominee is smoking something," says Struble. "The Reform party is pretty much Perot's party."

Though he concedes membership cross-over between the Reform Party and Perot's government watchdog group, United We Stand, America, Thompson maintains they are "totally different critters."

Thompson contends that although Perot "paid for the background," the Reform Party is independent and gets money from contributions, not Perot, in accordance with federal campaign regulations that didn't apply to Perot's independent run in '92.

Struble also says the Reform Party is too vague and challenged its grass roots support. "If this is really a grass roots party then why aren't they running any candidates at the lower levels? They could do it, but they've chosen not to," says Struble.

Thompson says the whole system has to be changed, something achieved most effectively from the presidency.



Platt Thompson votes for Perot, but likes Lamm. He says the competition will be good for the party.

Photo by: Joe Relk THE REFORMER

"It's a hell of a lot easier to start from the White House than the city council when you want to take on the whole enchilada," says Thompson.

Struble says a third party has already existed for 25 years—the Libertarians. Struble is optimistic about new recruiting efforts and running candidates for office in Idaho. Five Libertarians are running for the state legislature in southeastern Idaho and nationwide elected Libertarians have grown from under 100 a couple years ago to about 175 now.

"Idaho is a very Libertarian state. People are generally very socially tolerant and fiscally conservative, which is a mild way of saying you're Libertarian," says Struble.

Struble and Thompson feel their candidates' chances of success would raise exponentially if allowed into the '96 presidential debates.

Thompson feels the major party candidates have an obligation to allow the Reform Party, as well as other minor parties, to participate in the debates.

"The Reform Party candidate will be at the debates. Otherwise it will turn the whole process into a joke," says Thompson, who says the system is already "rigged to keep the two major parties in power."

Both minor parties remain optimistic

about their changes.

"We want to be the third major party, not the first minor party," says Browne, whose Libertarian Party has grown 50 percent in five years.

"We will replace one of the other two major parties the way the Republicans replaced the Whigs," says Thompson.

"Why would you want to run with the dinosaurs?"

To contact the Reform Party:

1-800-96PARTY (for information and to register)  
Idaho-388-1020 (Platt Thompson)  
<http://www.reformparty.org/camp96.htm>

To contact the Libertarian Party:

1-800-682-1776 (for free information)  
Idaho-387-0299 (Chris Struble)  
<ftp://ftp.digex.net/pub/access/lphq/directories.html>

# Political rrrrroundup

## Know what to do in November

by Kate Bell  
Editor in chief

This November voters will face decisions on three initiatives and at least three presidential candidates. Clipboard-bearers swarmed events such as the Boise River Festival in order to obtain the number of signatures required for ballot placement, asking wandering registered voters to sign petitions to stop the nuclear waste shipments to Idaho, boot career politicians out of Washington and back to their home state, where low property taxes might await them.

### Hmm... Clinton or Dole?

If the presidential election were held today, voters between the ages of 18 and 29 would overwhelmingly support President Clinton, a recent Newsweek magazine poll found. Fifty-one percent of those surveyed would vote for Clinton compared to just 26 percent for Dole and 17 percent for Perot. Two out of every three young people surveyed said they cared very much about who wins the 1996 presidential election.

Only 16 percent said Dole understands the concerns of young people.

If education is a concern for young people, the Republican National Committee argues Clinton is not the way to vote.

Republican National Committee Chairman Haley Barbour said, "Under Bill Clinton's presidency, our schools are mired in poor performance."

A higher percentage of college freshman dropped out last year than ever in history, Barbour said. The RNC chairman also accused Clinton in a July 17 press release of abandoning the war on drugs.

"On Clinton's watch, drug use among school-age children has exploded. Recent marijuana use among 14- and 15-year-olds skyrocketed 200 percent; among 12- and 13-year-olds, it's up 137 percent. ... All of this spells bad news for education in America," Barbour said.

Steve Stroschein, 23, a Spanish/political science major at BSU, would vote for Clinton if the elections were held today.

"Although the president has been criticized for many of his policies and 'waffling' approach to issues, I don't know of many recent presidents who have tried to address the issues of health care, gay community issues, and community volunteer programs like AmeriCorps... Clinton will have my vote this November," said Stroschein.

### Term limits makes ballot

Citizens for Federal Term Limits—

Idaho Campaign, a non-partisan, non-profit organization dedicated to passing the Idaho Congressional Term Limits Initiative, submitted petitions July 5 with more than 43,000 signatures to the Secretary of State, qualifying the 1996 Congressional Term Limits Initiative for the Nov. 5 ballot. The initiative would limit U.S. Representatives to three terms and U.S. Senators to two.

A Constitutional amendment to limit federal lawmakers' terms would require a bipartisan, two-thirds vote in each chamber of Congress. Thirty-eight state legislatures would then have to ratify the proposed amendment.

Campaign chairwoman Danna Weaver said, "Long-term career politicians in Washington have mortgaged America's future with a mountain of debt for a bloated, intrusive and expensive federal bureaucracy. Our citizens are saddled with excessive taxes and red tape with no hope of change. Our system of government needs the fundamental reform that term limits will provide."

While the president of the United States is term limited, members of the U.S. House and Senate are not.

According to the Citizens for Federal Term Limits—Idaho Campaign, for the last 20 years, more than 80 percent of all Senate and 90 percent of all House incumbents have been reelected. It is the hope of Citizens for Federal Term Limits that their initiative will level the playing field for challengers. More than 25 million Americans have already voted for term limits for their federal lawmakers.

The initiative would require U.S. senators and representatives, as well as state legislators, to push along passage of an amendment to the U.S.

Constitution that would place 12-year term limits on federal lawmakers. If members of the Idaho congressional delegation fail to support term limits, they will have printed next to their name on the election ballot a statement that they disregarded voters' instructions on term limits. So would any state legislators who does not support making application to Congress to call a convention for proposing amendments to the constitution. Non-incumbents who decline to sign a pledge to help pass the Congressional Term Limits Amendment would have a notation next to their name on the ballot that they declined to pledge to support term limits.

Walt Minnick, the Democratic challenger for the U.S. Senate seat, has made his own pledge to Idahoans to

abide by a "no escape" term limit of two consecutive terms, or 12 years, in the U.S. Senate. This includes terms already served and cannot be "grandfathered" for those currently in office.

Ironically, Minnick's incumbent opponent Larry Craig spoke out in favor of congressional term limits by saying, "Clearly without question the American people understand that if they want to change the mindset in Washington, they have to change the players."

"I've always supported term limits," said Craig. "Idaho strongly supports them and I've encouraged Idahoans to do that at the federal level."

"Term limits are coming and those who oppose them had better get out of the way or they will be hit by the force of a speeding train when the 1996 elections come around," said Craig, who believes a constitutional amendment is really the only way to ensure term limits will hold up legally.

Democratic 1st District Congressional candidate Dan Williams is against what Citizens for Federal Term Limits—Idaho Campaign is proposing, said Doug Dodson of Dan Williams for Congress. He said Williams "has a problem with tacking on amendments to the Constitution."

Perhaps the Founding Fathers never meant for their constitution to be messed with, but Williams' opponent believes they never intended to create career politicians, either.

"The Founding Fathers never meant for anyone to serve in Congress so long that they become comfortable with it. And, the Constitution was never meant to provide permanent jobs for people who liked to play politics," said 1st District Congresswoman Helen Chenoweth.

"Congress should be made up of citizen legislators—not professional politicians," said Chenoweth, who supports limiting members of Congress to three terms and limiting senators to two.

Chenoweth and 2nd District Congressman Mike Crapo have both supported term limits bills proposed by Rep. Bill McCollum (R-Florida) and Rep. Van Hilleary (R-Tennessee). Crapo, also a Republican, has been a co-sponsor of the McCollum Bill since first coming to Congress in 1993.

The McCollum bill provides for 12-year term limits on members of both the U.S. House and U.S. Senate. The Hilleary amendment also call for 12-year term limits for the House and Senate but allows states to select shorter term limits if desired.

Mike Crapo declined to sign the Citizens for Federal Term Limits peti-

tion, said Susan Wheeler, his press secretary. Crapo is concerned that it calls for a constitutional convention. He is against calling Constitutional conventions because they cannot be limited to a single issue.

Crapo's Democratic opponent John Seidl doesn't see a need for constitutional conventions—or even a term limits initiative for that matter.

"We do have term limits right now and they're called elections," said Seidl.

While Seidl does not think this country needs mandatory term limits, he does believe the power of incumbency needs to be lessened. "And the best way to do that is campaign finance reform," he said.

Seidl has not signed the Citizens for Federal Term Limits pledge, but says if the group's initiative is passed, then the will of the people should be heeded.

Citizens for Federal Term Limits has a home page at <http://netnow.micron.net/~fedlimit>.

### Idahoans don't want nukes as neighbors

On Oct. 16, 1995, without consultation with the legislature or the people he was elected to represent, Gov. Phil Batt signed an agreement with the federal government which agreed to allow 1,133 additional shipments of nuclear waste to be stored temporarily at the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory. In exchange, the federal government said it would remove most of the waste by 2035 or pay a fine.

Critics' major concerns include:

- The unstable geology of the INEL, which is located on a major fault line that has been the scene of the two largest earthquakes in the lower 48 states in the past 40 years — the 7.3 Borah Peak quake near Challis in 1983 and the 7.5 Hebgen Lake event in 1959 near Yellowstone National Park.

- The location of the INEL over the Snake River Aquifer, from which 270,000 people draw their drinking, water and the source of irrigation water for southern Idaho's agricultural economy.

- The agreement to accept nuclear waste from 41 foreign countries, including Canada, Japan, England, Sweden and Switzerland.

- Transportation of the nuclear waste on public roads and by rail, on lines that have seen five derailments in the past two years.

- Whether the federal government, which has been promising for 40 years to clean up the waste already stored at

## COVER STORY continued

the INEL, can be trusted.

The Times-News (Twin Falls) editorial published April 23, 1995, reads, "Idaho already has 25 years' worth of unkept federal promises about nuclear waste. Any promises made by Energy Secretary Hazel O'Leary will be equally worthless. ... Energy secretaries come and go, and so do governors. So do political agreements. The only part of this deal that will be permanent will be the waste. It will be here when Batt's grandchildren are senior citizens. It will be here, for all practical purposes, forever."

BSU student Steve Stroschein said, "Does anyone really think that our current lawmakers will be in office in the year 2035? Personally, I don't feel that such a shaky deal is good for Idaho. The prized Snake River aquifer is below that waste. Nuclear waste storage is not 100 percent accident free and before we know it our famous Idaho potatoes could be 'glowing' nuclear irrigated potatoes!"

Bob Stager, a 21-year-old biology major at BSU, said the federal government has a right to deposit a lot more nuclear waste in Idaho. "People say that it is not our waste, but it is. It was used to protect our country."

Chris Wentz, coordinator of a radioactive-waste task force working out of New Mexico's Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department, cautions in a June 13, 1996 Rolling Stone article, "If you look around this country, where the waste is first put is where it stays."

State Sen. John Peavey of Carey said, "The radioactive waste that the Feds are shipping in through our backyards, on dangerous rail lines, on public roads and storing over your aquifer will not be leaving to go to New Mexico or Nevada ... Government officials, scientists and activists in both these states have taken a legal and moral stand to delay, if not cancel, the opening of sites there."

• The fine agreed to in Gov. Batt's deal is a tiny fraction off the federal budget, which might make it economically attractive to pay the fine rather than move the waste.

"The Feds will have to pay a laughably small fine 'subject to the availability of the appropriations,' that is, if Congress in the year 2034 feels like paying it," said Peavey.

The contract has no enforcement or penalties for not paying the fine at all and does not bind Congress to allocate the money in the year 2035. And the amount of fines paid to Idaho is based on the availability of appropriations, according to the agreement. An Oct. 25, 1995 Times-News story reads, "That could mean that if Congress chose not to make those funds available, Idaho wouldn't get a dime, although officials could pursue the state's claims through the courts."

Stop the Shipments is a statewide, grassroots, non-partisan organization dedicated to bringing this back-room deal to a public vote. The Stop the Shipments petition proposes an initiative to nullify Batt's agreement and allow the people of Idaho to vote on whether they want Idaho to continue as an international nuclear waste dump.

Stop the Shipments obtained more than 41,355 verified signatures from registered voters to get the measure on the November ballot.

### 1% Initiative brought back from the dead

A State Tax Commission analysis indicates passage of the 1 Percent Initiative could cost Idaho's public colleges, universities and State Board of Education agencies 33.5 percent or more of their State General Account budgets if no new levies were passed to replace the lost property tax revenues.

The initiative requires that any property tax funds lost by local school districts be replaced with funds from the State General Account. The Tax Commission analysis, based on Fiscal Year 1996 data and the findings of a recent Attorney General's opinion on the initiative, found the state would have to come up with

\$228 million to maintain funding for local schools.

That \$228 million equals 33.5 percent of the \$680 million appropriated for all of state government—other than public school support—funded through appropriations from the State General Account.

SBE member Roy Mosman said the 1% Initiative would be extremely detrimental to education if it were to pass. He said it is unfortunate that the citizens of Idaho have to choose between some form of tax reform and doing harm to the educational system.

If the cuts were distributed equally across state government and no new taxes were approved, board agencies and institutions would be devastated, State Board of Education President Curtis Eaton said.

In addition to cuts in state funding, Idaho's two community colleges would face losses in property tax revenues, the Tax Commission analysis found. The College of Southern Idaho could lose 46 percent of its property tax funding, which would have been \$1.7 million in Fiscal Year 1996. North Idaho College could lose 21 percent of its property tax funding, \$1.2 million in Fiscal Year 1996.

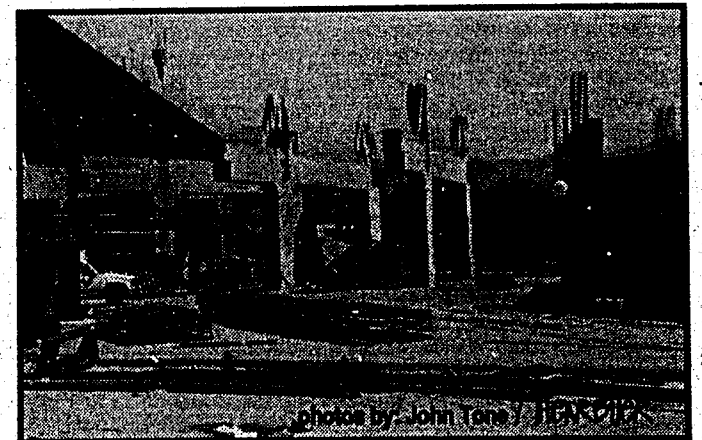
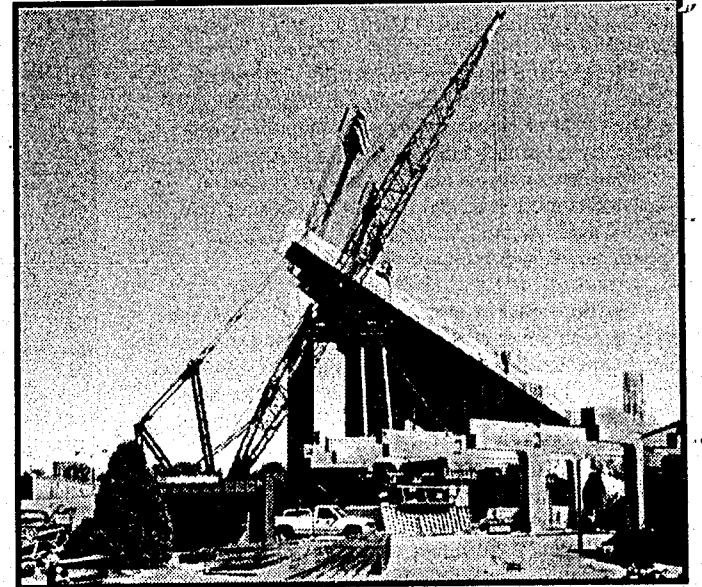
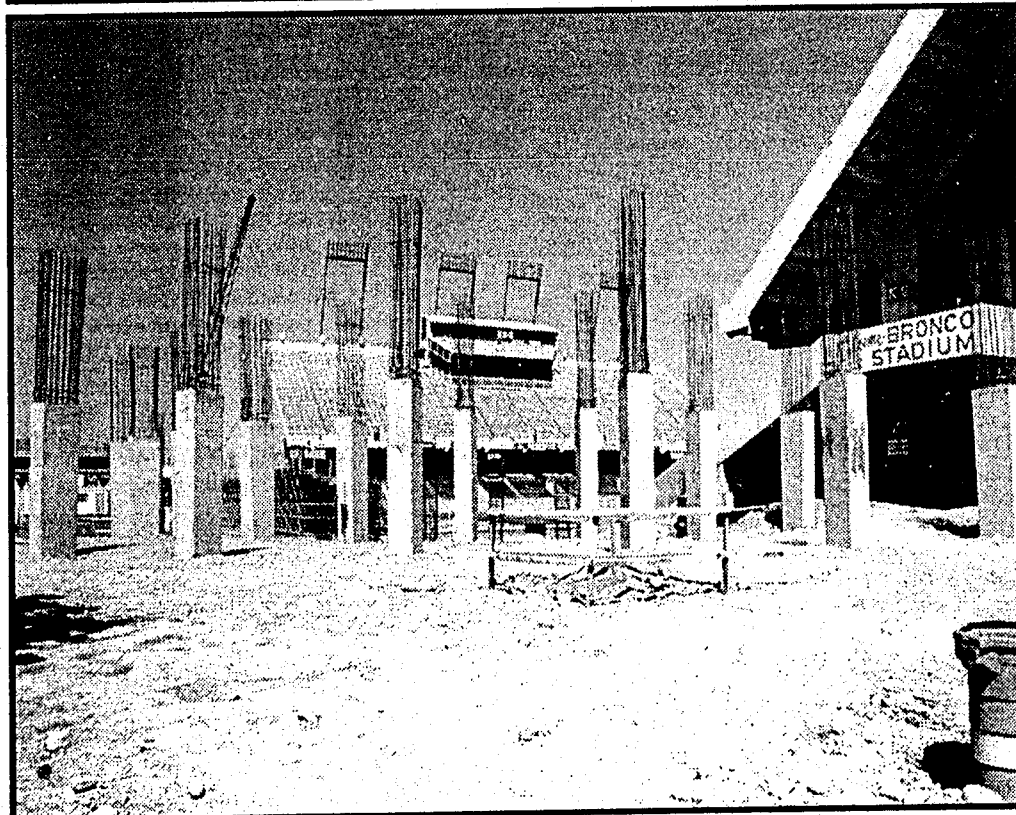
If the initiative had been in effect in Fiscal Year 1996 and no new taxes were levied to replace lost property tax revenues, a 33.5 percent cut would have reduced Boise State University's funding by more than \$16.1 million. Losses to the state's three universities and its college could total more than \$56.7 million. Scholarships and grants would decileby \$671,200.

### What we don't have to vote on: ICA doomed

One thing Idahoans won't need to worry about—at least not this November—is the passage of the Idaho Citizens Alliance anti-gay initiative, which failed to get enough signatures for ballot placement.

"The fact that the ICA gathered so few signatures this year is a tribute to the greater understanding Idahoans have of what these initiatives are all about," said Jack Van Valkenburgh, executive director of the American Civil Liberties Union of Idaho.

## STADIUM UPDATE



Seating as part of Bronco Stadium's expansion will not be complete in time for any of this fall's games, as earlier anticipated. This change was made as a cost saving measure, according to the June 14 Periodic Physical Plant Update.

photos by John Tansy/IBEW 4125



# OUT OF DOORS

YOUR GUIDE TO THE OUTDOORS

## What I did on my summer vacation: A trip to the White Clouds

by Rhett Tanner  
Out of Doors Editor

The last hike I went on was up to the top of Table Rock and back. A very short hike that afforded an impressive view. Of the valley. Of the city. And, amazingly enough, of a herd of deer. Imagine! Deer within five minutes of the Egyptian and the Statehouse and the West One Building. The ease with which Boise allows its citizens to escape into the wilds is quite phenomenal.

However, Boise is big enough that one could, if he or she led an extremely hectic, busy life, never set foot off its concrete and manicured lawns.

I've been one of these people. Lately, my work load has been nearly as heavy as it was during the spring—and I'm not even taking summer school. While half-naked hordes have been lazily floating down the river, I've been stuck in a basement behind a computer. While my neighbors have been lounging in and around our building's pool like sea lions, I've been locked away in my apartment, reading, reading, reading.

And so when a friend of mine in Ketchum, Dave Menendez, offered to take me hiking in the Sawtooths a few weeks ago, I jumped at the opportunity to escape the pull of the city, the great Urban Draw.

Menendez, a computer consultant, escaped the Urban Draw about four years ago, giving up the suit-and-tie world of Houston, Texas for the more casual, relaxed living of Ketchum. He feels no regrets.

Menendez chose a hike that took us to central Idaho's Sawtooth National Recreation Area, up into the White Clouds to two high mountain lakes: Upper Norton and Lower Norton Lakes.

Maybe it was my urban naiveté. Maybe it was the mystique the Sawtooths seem to hold for me. At any rate, I expected this hike to be a trip up into solitude. Just the cool, insistent wind, punctuated by the sounds of hawks. Movie quality solitude, solitude worthy of Edward Abbey and John Muir.

Welcome to the '90s, Rhett.

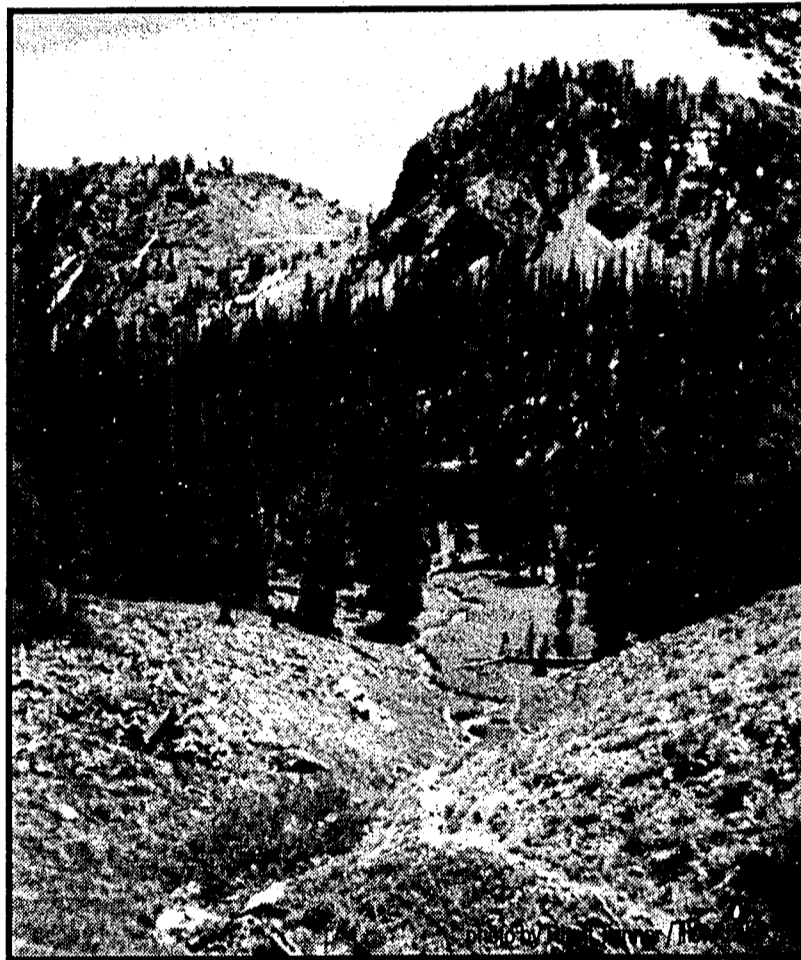
As we drove up to the trailhead, I was surprised to see about 15 or so other vehicles. Nearly all from southern Idaho. 5B. 2T. S. In fact, they filled the designated parking lot at the trailhead, forcing Menendez to park his pickup along the dirt, washboard road. "This is a popular trail," Menendez said as he grabbed his pack and climbed out of the truck.

As we walked through the parking lot and crossed Norton Creek to get to the trail (hopping from rock to rock), we passed parents and their children who'd decided—as I had—that summer weekends are for playing.

Another misconception: for some reason, the mountain trail in my imagination was much more level, not so steep.

"Short and steep: the way I like it," Menendez said as we started up the trail. I discovered quite quickly that no matter how much stairmastering and other aerobic exercise I did at the gym, it would never prepare me for performing similar activities at over 7,000 feet—and climbing.

But I was amazed at how quickly the body adjusts



Approaching Lower Norton Lake

to new stresses when it is not given the opportunity to say "no".

We climbed on.

I was also pleasantly surprised by how my footwear was holding up.

When we had planned this trip, I had asked Menendez what I should bring. One of the first things he had said was "hiking boots".

Well...

Being a busy, urban student, I haven't had the need to own a pair of hiking boots. And where there isn't a need.... Not that I don't own boots. As every good urban GenXer who's worth his or her collection of Pearl Jam, I possess a pair of Dr. Marten's—brown—and enough flannel to clothe a penniless grunge band. However, I've never tried Docs in the WILDERNESS wilderness, just the urban jungle.

Did I have a choice? Was I going to run on down to Idaho Mountain Touring and pick up a pair of hiking boots?

Hell no!

The Docs would have to do.

And as we climbed higher, walking along the swiftly rushing creek, stepping over tree roots and rocks, I found them quite satisfactory.

Now the return trip...that's another story.

After about an hour or so of crossing the creek, a few times hiking across meadows of wildflowers and along the edges of the massive end results of rock slides (for which I'm sure there is a more concise name), Norton Lake suddenly appeared. As we walked over a ridge, there it was. A round dish of amazingly clear, blue-green water. Around the lower half of the lake, trees and snow (in July!) hugged the shore. From the upper half, though, sprung a rock peak climbing skyward.

But this wasn't our final destination. After stopping for a drink of the water that Menendez had been carrying in his pack, we hiked on further, along Norton Creek, which at this point bounded from rock to rock, as if those H<sub>2</sub>O molecules were eager to rejoin their comrades in the lake below. (I know, blatant personification. Sorry.)

Within a few minutes we were on the shores of Upper Norton Lake, which resembled Lower but with more "rock peak climbing skyward" and less "trees and snow (in July!)." Just as clear, though.

The bowl image seemed even more accurate: Norton Creek

flowed from the lake at a point only about a foot wide, a tiny thread connecting it to the other Norton Lake below.

Until we reached the lakes, the trail had been—to my surprise—amazingly people-free. Population density was higher at the lakes, though. A tent. A family with fishing poles. Two women sitting along the creek at the higher lake.

We found a spot in the shade, sat, and chowed down on the PowerBars that Menendez had brought. (Yes, I did feel kinda like a sponger at this point.)

Sitting. Watching a group of kids with their parents, casting their lines out into the lake. It reminded me of my childhood spent camping and hiking. My father, from Jackson Hole, Wyo., grew up on a ranch in some of the most beautiful country on the planet. I get the impression he was as comfortable out of doors as he was inside.

This feeling of oneness with the world around him is deeply rooted. His father's family were among the first homesteaders in Jackson Hole; led by an incredibly strong woman — Nancy Agnes Keyes Tanner, who'd just lost her husband — they moved from Menan to Jackson around the turn of the century. His mother's

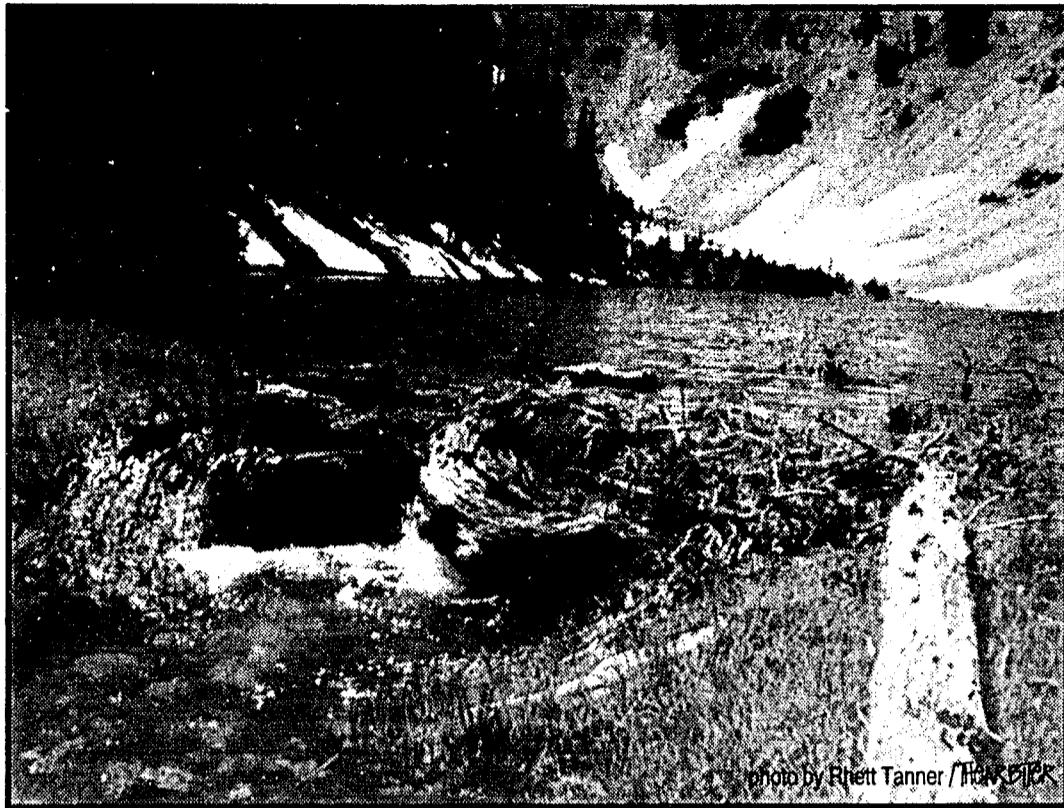
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family was from Bear Lake; though none of her family remained there into adulthood, they return each year for a family reunion/camping trip. I remember going to Bear Lake, hiking with my cousins and getting lost and naming the wildflowers we found. I remember everyone—my grandmother, her sisters, my parents and siblings, assorted aunts, uncles, cousins—gathering around a campfire at night and singing. "As I walked out in the streets of Loredo...." "Do your ears hang low, do they wobble to and fro...." "Come, come ye saints, no toil nor labor fear...."

People—young and old—and wilderness nested in my mind, like they belonged together. A world without a people is no world for me.

As we sat and watched the lake and the people, I made an amazing discovery: the Aveda sunscreen stuff (SPF 15) that I'd bought at Graeber & Co. not only kept out the horrible UVs, but also warded off the dreaded mosquitoes. As Menendez was swatting at the bloodsuckers left and right, I was left completely alone.

One drawback: Aveda uses



Norton Creek flowing from upper Norton Lake

photo by Rhett Tanner / PINKBIRK

natural ingredients, such as herbs and flowers. The flower component, it seems, is quite attractive to bees. So though I was mosquito-free, I had to deal with yellow-and-black honey-makers who thought I was a

flower. Which put them in a jovial, not a hostile mood. Not one bee sting. Thank you, Aveda.

As we were climbing to the lakes, I had myself convinced

that going down would be much easier than going up. I somehow had forgotten that descending a steep trail poses challenges as well. Not the same challenges as going up, but challenges nevertheless. With almost every step,

Menendez and I slipped on small rocks in the trail, sending clouds of dust and debris ahead of us.

And I discovered—painfully, by the time we got back to the truck—that my Docs in truth were not made for hiking. As we descended, my toes continuously jammed around inside my boots, rubbing them nearly raw and making every step as uncomfortable as though I'd tromped barefooted over basalt.

**Lessons learned:**

- 1) That wacky, multi-functional Aveda might actually be worth its exorbitant price.
- 2) Docs are for the urban jungle; hiking boots are for the woods.

The price of the pain was well spent. As I breathed deeply, inhaling dust and thence of pine and wildflowers, I felt relaxed for the first time in weeks. I realized just what I'd been missing. The stress of work and life seemed to become fuzzy.

(...until I almost ran out of gas in the hills outside of Mountain Home and drove on empty for 23 miles. But that's a different story.)

**Clippings**

Compiled by Rhett Tanner

**Meadow vole control planned**

Due to the increase in the meadow vole population, several counties in Idaho are reporting crop damage as great as 20 percent in some barley and wheat fields. Once small grain harvest begins, it is expected that these voles will move into other crops such as sugar beets and potatoes.

One effective method for controlling field mice and meadow voles is baiting with zinc phosphide. The bait is registered for use in Idaho for mouse and vole control in grass seed fields and non-cropland areas including field roads, fence rows and areas bordering fields. Because there are no pesticides registered to control meadow voles in any food crop, the Idaho Department of Agriculture, in a cooperative effort with the University of Idaho, began a residue study two years ago for the development of a regional pesticide tolerance and label for potatoes. Since that time, sugar beets have been added for study in 1997. The residue information is required from the Environmental Protection Agency before a registration can be issued.

Pat Takasugi, director of the Idaho Department of Agriculture, has organized a task force to address the meadow vole problem. The task force plans to visit the Magic Valley to review the situation, visit with growers and county agents, and look for other viable options to control these voles while the zinc phosphide testing is continuing.

The Idaho Department of Agriculture, USDA Animal Damage Control and local Cooperative Extension Service agents have information regarding the use of zinc phosphide in a bait mixture to control these rodents in non-cropland areas. This pesticide can only be applied by certified applicators or people under their direct supervision, and all label directions must be followed.

**Dworshak's kokanee prospects dim**  
by Rod Parker  
Clearwater Region  
Idaho Department of Fish and Game

Idaho Department of Fish and Game's fisheries personnel have confirmed the projected effects of massive water releases from Dworshak Reservoir during March and April.

The population estimate for kokanee in February stood at 1.3 million, compared to April's estimate of 150,000, a drop of nearly 90 percent. At the time of the water releases most of the kokanee were staged in front of the dam, a normal occurrence for most reservoir kokanee populations. The salvage fishery below the dam was popular with anglers because of the large numbers of fish available. However, the impacts to the reservoir fishery this year and next will be substantial.

The first few weeks of the season may allow fair fishing near the dam until the kokanee spread out in the reservoir, causing catch rates to decline by midsummer. Approximately 110,000 of the remaining 150,000 kokanee are 3-year-old fish and will provide most of the stock for anglers in 1996.

The fishery of 1997 is estimated to be less than 40,000 kokanee, with catch rates sinking to the lowest in a decade. In 1997 the remaining fish will be larger than usual due to fewer fish competing for the food available in the reservoir.

**Sandhill crane season set to limit crop damage**

The greater sandhill crane of the Rocky Mountain population has been reclassified from a non-game migratory bird to a migratory bird, clearing the way for a limited controlled hunt aimed at reducing damage to grain crops in three areas of southeast Idaho.

The limited hunt was approved by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission during its meeting July 11 in Soda Springs. Only 20 sandhill cranes can be taken during the hunt, which is in compliance with US Fish and Wildlife Service migratory bird regulations. Only federal Animal Damage Control personnel and Idaho Fish and Game employees will be allowed to take sandhill cranes during the hunt.

The hunt is designed to reduce damage to grain crops in southeast Idaho. Hunting was limited to state and federal wildlife personnel because of the small harvest allocation this year and because of their ability to respond to the immediate needs of moving concentrations of migrating sandhill cranes that are damaging grain crops on private property.

Wildlife managers will evaluate the results of this year's hunt and use the information to develop hunt recommendations for 1997.

The season will run from Sept. 1 to Sept. 30 in the Blackfoot Reservoir area of Caribou County, the Teton Basin in Teton County, and Bonneville County adjacent to Grays Lake National Refuge.

Hunting was limited to these areas because the federal framework requires the state to have at least three years of population data on sandhill cranes in the areas proposed for hunting. Data is available only for these areas.

Sandhill cranes are hunted in five other Pacific Flyway states. The population is estimated to range between 18,000 and 20,000 cranes. The Pacific Flyway Council and the US Fish and Wildlife Service have set a limit of 545 sandhill cranes to be harvested in 1996.

Idaho has the largest concentration of summering sandhill cranes in the Pacific Flyway. In 1995, the single largest population of sandhill cranes was found adjacent to Blackfoot Reservoir, containing more than 2,100 cranes.

By law, the US Fish and Wildlife Service has management authority over migratory birds and sets hunting season frameworks each year. It has repeatedly denied Idaho's request in past years for depredation kill permits to remove a small number of offending sandhill cranes that were causing crop damage. To remove a limited number of offending cranes this year, the only alternative available to the Idaho Fish and Game Commission was to reclassify the sandhill crane as a migratory game bird, set a limited season and request hunting permits not to exceed harvesting 20 sandhill cranes.

# HOTENANNY

A CARNIVAL OF SORTS

## Stuart spices up jokes with a pinch of real life

Josh Casten  
Hootenanny Editor

Jason Stuart is not your typical comedian. His standard opening line: "I am so gay right now. I am so out and so gay I could redecorate this room just by looking at it."

That's right—Jason Stuart is homosexual, and he doesn't want you to miss that point. Artistically frustrated and depressed, Stuart realized there was only one way to realize his full potential. After years of lying to himself and others, Stuart came out on the "Geraldo" show in 1993.

Since then, things have been good. The actor/comedian has had several guest appearances on television shows, including "The John Larroquette Show" and "Murder She Wrote." He has also been highlighted on Comedy Central's "Out There in Hollywood" and has recently completed filming "Gay TV: The Movie" and "Vegas Vacation" with none other than Chevy Chase.

Riding on all of this recent success, Stuart will sashay through The Funny Bone from Aug. 7 through 11. "Since coming out, my shows have been selling out. The more I tell the truth, the more successful I become. I think it's because people want to hear the truth; there's nothing funnier than the truth," Stuart says.

Stuart used to rely on the standard "girls don't get me" routine before coming out. He would talk about his punk rock girlfriend, and all their troubles, which, of course, did not exist.

Now, he says, "the show is about me. I don't know what else it

could be. I could pretend to be Tom Cruise and do his life. It'd be a lot more interesting, but I can only talk about me," says Stuart.

While coming out has made it easier for Stuart to deal with himself, it has made it harder for a select few to deal with him. He has been picketed by fundamentalist Christians and plain old bigots a number of times. "It's scary and exiting" to be picketed, says Stuart. "The picketers were so angry and mean, but then there were people picketing the picketers. The rest of the people really have been very supportive."

Stuart has felt the cold shoulder of intolerance from not only strangers, but within his own family as well. He enjoys open relations with his parents and older brother, but his younger sister remains out of reach. An orthodox Jew, she will not even allow him to see his nephew. He is baffled by her stance, afraid that she feels "like if I told him (his nephew) once he'll turn gay. I have the joke 'What am I, Samantha on Bewitched?' I mean, what's the selling point? 'We have no rights and everyone hates us. Join us.'"

Stuart feels that the best way to combat discrimination is awareness: once you get to know a gay person, you'll stop hating them. "I've discovered that the people who don't know gay people are the ones who don't like them."

Get to know Jason Stuart. Ticket prices at the Bone vary, so call 331-2663 for more information.



Jason Stuart

## Screaming Trees provide shade for hot summer

Josh Casten  
Hootenanny Editor

A year ago, there were many questions surrounding the Screaming Trees. Were they still together? Would they record again? Would they be any good?

The answer to all three questions, based on their new release *Dust*, is a resounding "yes". The album retains the sonic punch from their last effort *Sweet Oblivion* while recapturing the psychedelic edge from releases like *Uncle Anesthesia* that had been missing.

Yet again, singer Mark Lanegan is in perfect form. He can hold back and sing sweetly over raging guitars, or take over a quiet acoustic song with the sheer will of his voice.

The Screaming Trees present a lush, varied soundscape from the very start. The opening track "Halo of Ashes" features a tasty sitar riff over a huge layer of blended acoustic and electric guitars. Throughout the recording, the sound is one of layered vocals and pleasantly varying guitar sounds, all complimenting the individual songs.

This diversity of sound lends itself well to the Screaming Trees' brand of psychedelia. Predominantly somber in mood, they can operate slowly, as they do on "Traveler", or tear it up with songs like

"Dying Days"—featuring a guitar solo from Pearl Jam guitarist Mike McCready—and "Dime Western." They are at their best when they spice up the material with little touches like odd guitar noise, dark harmonies and keyboards provided by longtime Tom Petty bandmate Benmont Tench.

In all cases, the songs sound like entries in a journal from the mind of a traveler in a misty, dark land. They are at times edgy and odd, but that is when they are at their best. The only material here that suffers are songs like "Look at You" which is plagued by a straight-ahead approach by building a quiet acoustic number up to a raging rocker with little imagination.

The leadoff single "All I Know" is also one of the inferior cuts on the album. Sounding like a slowed-down version of "Smells Like Teen Spirit," it is still a good song, but the Trees are so much better when they let themselves run a bit wild. They are able to produce some truly mystifying moments, as they do in "Gospel Plow"

and the aforementioned "Dime Western."

Producer George Drakoulias (Black Crowes, Jayhawks) has coaxed out the Screaming Trees' most confident, consistent and best work to date. With one fell swoop, the band has not only answered all the doubts that surrounded them, but also left a mighty trail for the rest of their contemporaries to follow.



At  
Bto

Josh Casten  
Hootenanny Editor

### Poetry contests

Every poet in Idaho is encouraged to enter a pair of poetry contests. Entries for both may use any style and concern any subject, but there is a 21-line length maximum. Both contests stress the opportunity for beginning poets.

The Famous Poets of America will offer a total of \$1,000 in prizes. The deadline for submissions is July 31. Send your poem to Famous Poets of America, Dept. Free Poetry Competition, 1626N. Wilcox Ave., Suite 126, Hollywood, CA 90028.

The Reno Fine Arts Institute's contest deadline is Aug. 14. The contest awards a \$1,000 grand prize with \$3,000 in total prizes. The address for submissions is Reno Fine Arts Institute, 316 California Ave., Suite 626, Reno, NV 89509-1669.

### Grants awarded

The Idaho Commission on the Arts announced its 1997 arts grants recently. More than \$401,000 was awarded for 126 projects in 33 communities, all of which will match the grants. The Commission was only able to fund 34 percent of the requests but managed to make strong contributions in arts education.

The grants range from a total of \$15,100 to the Boise Art Museum and \$9,000 to the Boise Philharmonic Association to smaller grants like \$634 to Northwest Children's Home Inc. and \$640 to the American Association of University Women, both for artist residencies.

### Jazz clinics

A pair of jazz clinics will be offered in August in conjunction with the Jazz Under the Stars concert series. The clinics will be held in the Morrison Center Recital Hall and will take place from 1 to 3 p.m.

On Aug. 5, drummer Dave Weckl will share his insights. Weckl is a Grammy award-winning artist and has recorded with Peabo Bryson, Diana Ross and Robert Plant among others and has toured with the likes of Chick Corea and Simon and Garfunkel.

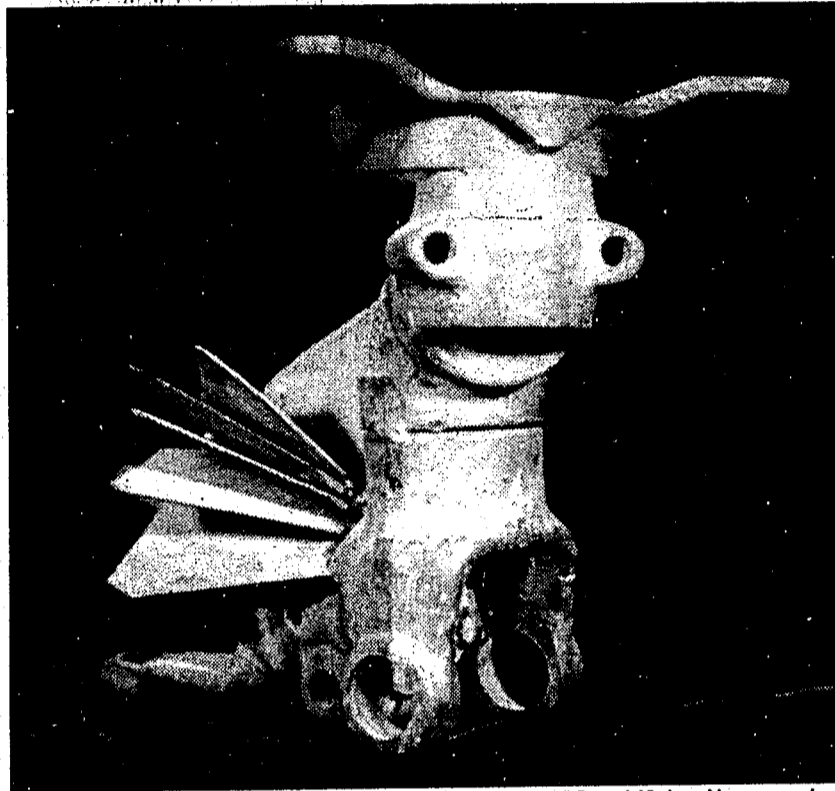
Trumpet player Lew Soloff, who has inspired an entire generation of instrumentalsists, will appear on Aug. 19. Soloff has performed with Dizzie Gillespie and Frank Sinatra, and recently completed a tour as Barbara Streisand's lead trumpet player.

# GO GET TRASHED

Josh Casten  
Hootenanny Editor

An exhibit highlighting the beauty of creativity and the tragedy of waste will run at BSU and Inkvision at 1708 W. Main through July 26.

The exhibit, titled the Great Garbage Binge Art Show, proves that one man's junk is not only another man's treasure, but another's art as well. The show got its start in Montana in 1990 and has drawn participants from around the world to address the issue of an impending environmental crisis.



"St. Al" by Newcombe

The exhibit in the BSU Student Union will consist of three-dimensional objects, all drawing from a range of styles and trends in recycled art. Inkvision will show two-dimensional pieces and some three-dimensional works until August 9.

The show is the brainchild of Rick Keating. Keating started the exhibit in Bozeman, Mont., in 1991 as a way of getting people to think about recycling.

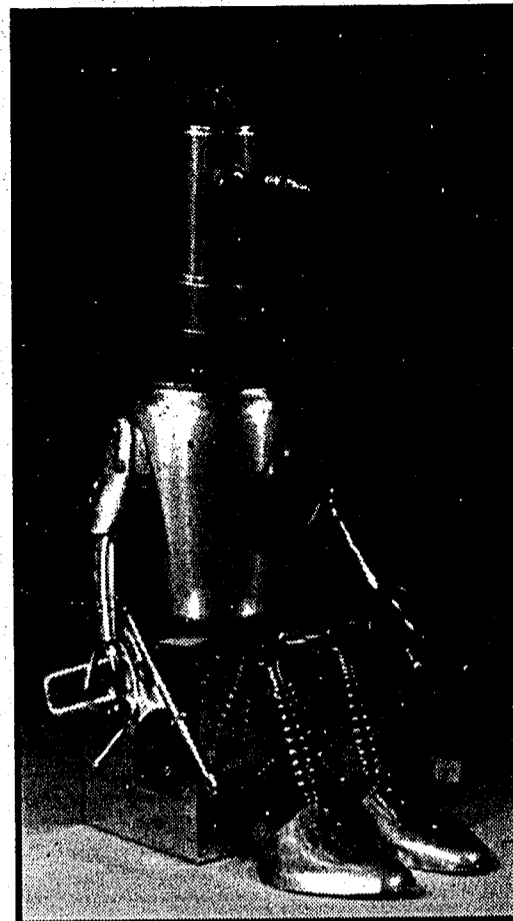
"I was a volunteer for the Bozeman Recycling Commission and basically tried to come up with something that would be fun for the community that would be more than just curbside recycling," says Keating.

For the past two years, the show has been traveling to Bozeman, Missoula, Boise and Pend O'Reille. Keating hopes to expand the exhibit's path throughout the west and eventually to the rotten apple itself, New York City.

Keating has been pleased with the responses he has received from many of those who have seen the exhibit. "A lot of people have been awed by the statements made by the artists on waste issues and the politics involved. It is really food for thought, and has prompted a lot of discussion," which is Keating's biggest goal.

At first, some artists didn't quite understand the concept. The pieces in the show are all found objects, but must be altered in presentation, a requirement some failed to observe. "The first year, I had people turning in driftwood. I even had a guy come in with an old bumper off a car and lay it on the table," says Keating.

"With all of these pieces, there has to be an idea, or a metaphor focusing on the issue of solid waste and recycling." No bags of trash here.



"Waste not, want bot" by Nemo Gould

## Liner Notes

Josh Casten  
Hootenanny Editor

Head out to the clubs to see a couple of the best alternative acts around.

The Tragically Hip will be at Bogie's tonight. With a knack for impeccable song writing, these guys have been compared to early R.E.M., which would make them pretty darn good.

Jawbox will play the resurgent Crazy Horse two nights later. This feisty four-some has been described as a thinking person's rock band, but don't let that scare you away. They play complex songs that veer completely out of control only to be reeled triumphantly back in. Check 'em out.



jawbox



the tragically hip

Other musical performances:

A Mid-Summer's Night Blues and Heritage Festival featuring Robert Cray, Taj Mahal, John Hammond and Duke Robillard at Hawks Stadium, Aug. 2.

The Morrison Center will host Hal Ketchum with Jack Ingram Aug. 6 and Joan Baez Aug. 9. Tickets are \$13.50/16.50 and \$18.50/20, respectively.

The Western Idaho Fair's August lineup is as follows. All shows are at 7 p.m., with some second shows at 9 p.m.

16: Tracy Byrd. Tickets are \$8 and \$12 for both shows.

17: Little River Band. Admission is free for both shows, with \$4 reserved seating.

18: Bachman-Turner Overdrive. Admission is free for both shows, with \$4 reserved seating.

19: The Mavericks and Junior Brown. Tickets are \$8 and \$12.

20: Point of Grace. Tickets are \$5 and \$8.

21: Willy Nelson. Tickets are \$10 and \$14 and are going up in smoke quickly.

22: Gallagher. Tickets are \$10 and \$14.

Tickets for the Blues Festival, the Morrison Center concerts and the Western Idaho

## Employment

**ALASKA SUMMER JOBS** — fishing industry. Earn to \$3,000-\$6,000+/month + benefits. Male/Female. No experience necessary. (206) 971-3510 ext A59032.

**Sports Minded** Competitive, motivated students. Low on cash. Business expanding in area. Will work around school. Call now— 322-0814.

Need part-time caregiver for three young children in my home. 13-18 hours/week. Pay negotiable. References required. 342-3387. Call before August 9 or after August 18.

**Why Ask Why?** Will college open the door to financial success or will it only prolong your step into the real world? Check out our company to see if we can make a match. Call for appt. 322-0814.

## Merchandise

For Sale. '91 Kawasaki Ninja 600R. Low low miles. Excellent condition. \$3500. Call John, 373-0993. Leave msg.

## Services

There will be a new, 12-step codependent meeting from 7 to 8:30 p.m. Fridays beginning July 26 at the church at 26th and Woodlawn streets. The purpose of CoDa is to develop healthy relationships. The only requirement for membership is a desire for healthy and fulfilling relationships. This meeting will focus on solutions. Please come.

**Philadelphia Music Conference. SHOWCASING BANDS WANTED.** Big music industry presence — Oct. 30 - Nov. 2. For showcase application: 215-426-4109 or [GOPMC@aol.com](mailto:GOPMC@aol.com) **HURRY!** Showcase deadline August 23.

Rape Crisis Alliance. 24-hour hotline. 345-RAPE (345-7273).

## Financial Aid

**ATTENTION ALL STUDENTS!!! GRANTS & SCHOLARSHIPS AVAILABLE FROM SPONSORS!!! BILLIONS OF \$\$\$ IN COLLEGE MONEY \$\$\$.** FOR INFO: 1 800 AID-2-HELP (1 800 243-2435).

## Housing

**Roommate Wanted.** Responsible & dependent. \$350/month furnished bedroom, includes utilities. \$100 deposit. Pets OK. Garage. Night 378-8870, day 939-0132.

All sandhill cranes taken will be sent to the Idaho Fish and Game Wildlife Disease Laboratory in Caldwell for biological evaluation.

### Idaho director of agriculture attends invasive plant management tour

Idaho Department of Agriculture director, Patrick A. Takasugi, recently returned from meeting with a national coalition representing plant scientists, managers of parks, forests and wildlife habitat, farmers and ranchers, state and national agencies and private industries, in which he participated in an intensive six-hour tour and briefing on the invasive plants problem across the nation.

The main thrust of this US Fish & Wildlife-sponsored tour, located at the Patuxent Research Refuge (northeast of Washington, DC), was to inform and educate congressional delegates and members of their staff on weed problems and to discuss a nationwide strategy of prevention, control and restoration.

"Noxious weeds are a serious problem in the US, and in Idaho they are estimated to cost the state about \$500 million per year in damages to agricultural, recreational and tourist industries," said Takasugi. "Noxious weeds can literally take over all vegetation, even crowding out the hearty grasses, leaving wildlife and livestock with nothing to graze on."

The Idaho Department of Agriculture is currently stepping up its noxious weed control program, pledging to support and assist in moving weed control ahead in Idaho.

### Incredible Idaho goes to the goats

**Incredible Idaho** airs Saturday, August 10 at 6:30 p.m. on channel 7, KTVB/Boise

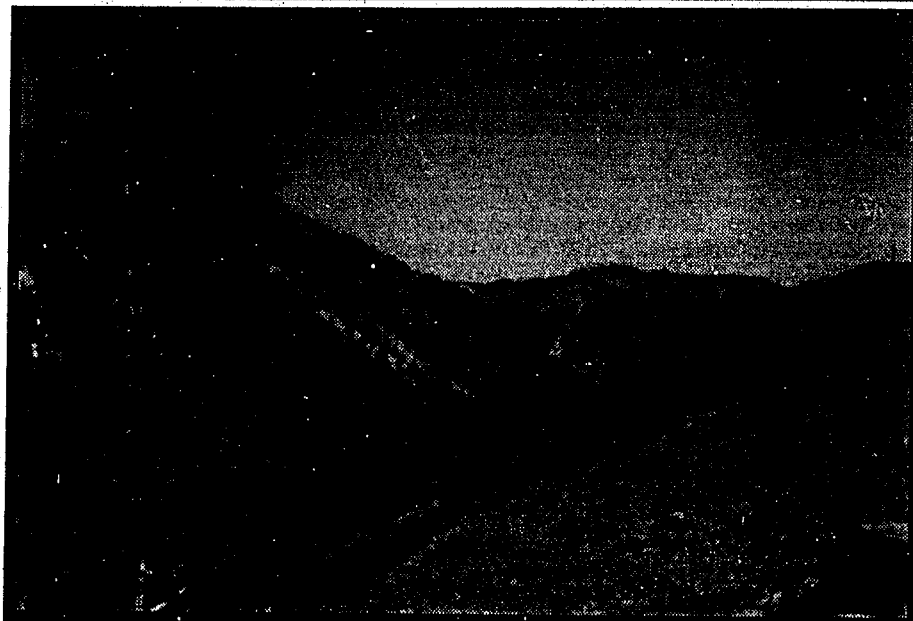
This month *Incredible Idaho* introduces viewers to a creature that lives in the land of towering cliffs and perpetual snows. Black Mountain is a 7,000-foot peak near

the Mallard Larkin Wilderness in north-central Idaho. Mountain goats have lived on this summit since before the time of Lewis and Clark, but other populations are the result of a transplant program initiated by the Idaho Department of Fish & Game.

*Incredible Idaho* takes the audience along on a mountain goat capture. It is an operation that requires patience and, at times, can be tedious and frustrating. The adrenaline flows when one of these creatures steps into a trap and the door crashes down. Then *Incredible Idaho* follows the captured goat as it is lifted off the peak by helicopter and released in its new home, supplementing a newly established population of mountain goats on the Salmon River.

Next, *Incredible Idaho* goes hiking with the domesticated version of mountain goats. Pack goats are fast becoming popular as beast of burden. The same characteristics that make its wild cousin the mountain goat so comfortable climbing Idaho mountains make pack goats ideal trail companions on hiking and hunting trips. The show goes traveling in the desert with experienced goat packer George Bogdan.

What did you do  
this summer?



Dance  
Music  
Dance  
Music  
Dance  
Music  
Dance  
Music  
Dance  
Music

### Friday July 26

Legendary Funksters  
**AVERAGE WHITE BAND**  
"Pick Up The Pieces"  
One 90 Minute set @ 10:00pm  
also appearing  
Mississippi Bobby Ray Watson  
Louisiana Guitar Red



AVERAGE WHITE BAND

### Sat. July 27 \$5.00

Southern Blues Revue  
Louisian Guitar Red  
Mississippi Bobby Ray Watson  
Hoochie Coochie Men

### Sun. July 28

Benefit to stop the Elmore County Landfill  
Neckid Rednecks (from Mountain Home)  
Richard Soliz  
Hoochie Coochie Men & Friends  
2 more bands

### Sun. Tues. & Wed.

\$1<sup>25</sup> - domestic pints

\$2<sup>25</sup> - premium pints

Sun. Tues. Wed.  
\$1.00 off  
All 16 oz. Drafts



1010 Main Street  
345-6605

T-Shirts for Sale